









## BIOLOGICAL SEED TREATMENTS FOR ONION NECK ROT

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### **Background**

- Neck rot causes significant losses in stored onions with infection levels as high as 48% reported.
- It is caused by several species of *Botrytis*: *B. aclada, B. allii and B. byssoidea*.
- It can be seed-borne, so seed treatment with fungicides has been important for its control.
- There is currently a lack of approved seed treatments.
- This work aims to identify biological control agents (BCAs) with commercial potential as seed treatments for control of onion neck rot.



### **Evaluation**

- A seed inoculation method has been developed which mimics natural infection: both external and internal inoculum.
- Infected seed was treated with a range of commercial and experimental BCAs.
- Seed tests do not give a good indication of the efficacy of BCAs, so transmission studies have been the main focus.



### **Transmission tests**



Treated seeds are sown in module cells in the glasshouse.



Leaves are harvested and checked for typical *B.* 

## Laboratory treatment

Laboratory scale treatments were used for initial evaluation of BCAs in transmission tests.

# Commercial treatment Film-coated Pelleted The part of the property of the pr

Commercial scale treatment with selected BCAs have given promising results in transmission tests.

### **Prospects**

- Several promising treatments have been identified by transmission tests on both laboratory treated and commercially treated infected seed.
- The project has also been evaluating the same BCA treatments for the control of *Itersonilia pastinaceae* in parsnip.



This work is part of a collaborative project involving Elsoms Seeds, BASF, Vegetable Consultancy Services (UK), The University of Warwick and Plant Health Solutions and is co-funded by the Technology Strategy Board, the UK's innovation agency.